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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

JENNY LISETTE FLORES, *et al.*, ) Case No. CV 85-4544-DMG (AGR<sub>x</sub>)  
Plaintiffs, )  
v. ) **ORDER RE PLAINTIFFS' MOTION**  
MERRICK GARLAND, Attorney General) **TO ENFORCE *FLORES***  
of the United States, *et al.*, ) **SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT [1486]**  
Defendants. )  
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1 On October 16, 2024, Plaintiffs filed a motion to enforce (“MTE”) Paragraph  
2 28A of the *Flores* Settlement Agreement (“FSA” or “Agreement”) as it relates to  
3 Defendants’ obligations to report certain data to Class Counsel. [Doc. # 1486.] The  
4 MTE is fully briefed. [Doc. ## 1498 (“Opp.”), 1501 (“Reply”).] The Court held a  
5 hearing on November 15, 2024. For the reasons set forth below, the Court construes  
6 Plaintiffs’ MTE as a motion for clarification (“MFC”), which it **GRANTS in part** and  
7 **DENIES in part**.

8 **I.**

9 **BACKGROUND**

10 **A. The Court’s Partial Termination Order**

11 On June 28, 2024, the Court partially terminated the FSA as to the Department  
12 of Health and Human Services (“HHS”), but it preserved certain paragraphs of the  
13 Agreement. [Doc. # 1447 (“Partial Termination Order”).] Among the paragraphs it  
14 preserved was Paragraph 28A, which requires Defendants to monitor compliance with  
15 the Agreement and “maintain an up-to-date record of all minors who are placed in  
16 proceedings and remain in [Defendants’] custody for longer than 24 hours.”  
17 Agreement ¶ 28A. [Doc. # 101.] The Court did not preserve, however, Paragraph 29,  
18 which requires Defendants to “provide to Plaintiffs’ counsel the information collected  
19 pursuant to Paragraph 28.” *See Id.* ¶ 29. The parties now dispute whether Paragraph  
20 28A, when read without Paragraph 29, still requires Defendants to report Paragraph 28  
21 data to Class Counsel and, if it does, how often.

22 **B. The Court’s August 21, 2015 Order**

23 To support their contention that Defendants are required to provide Class  
24 Counsel monthly updates of the Paragraph 28A information, Plaintiffs look to the  
25 Court’s August 21, 2015 Order and Defendants’ practices in the years since that Order.  
26 [See Doc. # 189 (“2015 Order”).] In its 2015 Order, the Court specifically ordered  
27 Defendants to implement several remedies, including:  
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1 “5. As contemplated in Paragraph 28A of the Agreement, Defendants or  
2 their Regional Juvenile Coordinator shall monitor compliance with their  
3 acknowledged standards and procedures for detaining class members in  
4 facilities that are safe and sanitary, consistent with concern for the  
5 particular vulnerability of minors, and consistent with Paragraph 12 of the  
6 Agreement . . .

7 6. Defendants shall monitor compliance with the Agreement and this  
8 Order and **shall provide Class Counsel on a monthly basis statistical  
9 information collected pursuant to Paragraph 28A of the Agreement.**”

10 2015 Order at 14–15 (emphasis added). In accordance with the 2015 Order,  
11 Defendants—both the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (“DHS”) and HHS—  
12 have provided Class Counsel with the data collected under Paragraph 28A on a  
13 monthly basis. Reply at 3. After the Court’s Partial Termination Order, Defendants  
14 provided Class Counsel with their regular monthly report in July 2024 (reporting the  
15 June 2024 data), but in August 2024, Defendants provided the July 2024 data only for  
16 DHS. MTE at 5.

## 17 II.

### 18 LEGAL STANDARD

19 “Motions for clarification” are typically considered as having been brought  
20 under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(a), which allows the Court to “correct a  
21 clerical mistake or a mistake arising from oversight or omission whenever one is found  
22 in a judgment, order, or other part of the record.” “Errors correctable under Rule 60(a)  
23 include those where what is written or recorded is not what the court intended to write  
24 or record.” *Blanton v. Anzalone*, 813 F.2d 1574, 1577 (9th Cir. 1987).

## 25 III.

### 26 DISCUSSION

27 When the Court partially terminated the Agreement as to HHS, it explicitly  
28 preserved Paragraphs 28A, 32, and 33, and all provisions governing secure, heightened

1 supervision and out-of-network facilities. Partial Termination Order at 21. Paragraph  
2 28A concerns recordkeeping, as explained *supra*, and Paragraphs 32 and 33 concern  
3 Class Counsel’s physical access to Office of Refugee Resettlement (“ORR”) facilities.  
4 *See* Agreement ¶¶ 32, 33. The parties agree that the FSA’s requirement that Defendants  
5 record the data and information described in Paragraph 28A has not changed, but they  
6 disagree as to whether HHS must still share this information with Class Counsel.

7 Plaintiffs interpreted the Court’s Partial Termination Order to preserve HHS’s  
8 monthly reporting requirement because when the Court created the requirement in  
9 2015, it “tied” the reporting to Paragraph 28A. *See* MTE at 8. This interpretation is  
10 incorrect. At no point in its 2015 Order did the Court suggest that it derived the  
11 monthly reporting requirement *from* Paragraph 28A of the FSA. Rather, it reaffirmed  
12 Defendants’ requirement to “monitor compliance [with the FSA]” and collect  
13 “statistical information . . . pursuant to Paragraph 28A of the Agreement.” 2015 Order  
14 at 15. The monthly reporting of that information was one of several *remedies* the Court  
15 ordered in response to specified violations of the FSA, *not* something mandated by the  
16 FSA. *See* 2015 Order at 15. Thus, that remedy was related to a specific violation, and  
17 to the extent that it related to portions of the FSA that have now been terminated as to  
18 HHS, the remedial measure is no longer needed.

19 Plaintiffs also point to where the Partial Termination Order states, “At least while  
20 the FSA remains partially in effect as to HHS, Plaintiffs’ counsel’s access to ORR  
21 facilities and to information about the children held at those facilities should be no  
22 different than it has been for the last 27 years[.]” Partial Termination Order at 17.  
23 Plaintiffs interpret this sentence to mean that the monthly reports and Class Counsel’s  
24 physical access to ORR facilities should remain unchanged because Class Counsel  
25 often base their visits off data they reviewed beforehand. *See* Reply at 8 (“Plaintiffs’  
26 counsel cannot effectively conduct site visits and meet with children in ORR custody  
27 without information on where children are placed.”). Accommodating Class Counsel’s  
28 approach to staging facility visits, however, was not something the Court considered

1 when it included this language. Nonetheless, the Court provides the following  
2 clarification. The Court maintained Class Counsel’s access to *all* ORR facilities  
3 because as long the Agreement is still partially in effect as to HHS, Class Counsel need  
4 to access these facilities in order to adequately represent the Class Members.<sup>1</sup>  
5 Relatedly, the Court maintained Paragraph 28A of the Agreement because it  
6 understands that, once Class Counsel visit children at ORR facilities, it is possible that  
7 they may need to request from Defendants information about certain children. The  
8 preservation of Paragraph 28A ensures that Defendants could not claim that they do  
9 not have that information or that Class Counsel are not entitled to it.

10 Lastly, nothing in this Order should be construed as terminating Defendants’  
11 reporting requirements entirely. The Court preserved all provisions of the FSA  
12 governing secure, heightened supervision and out-of-network facilities. *See* Partial  
13 Termination Order at 11–13. The Partial Termination Order therefore did not alter  
14 Class Counsel’s access to information about children held at these types of facilities,  
15 and Defendants’ reporting obligations with respect to these categories of children did  
16 not change. Accordingly, HHS shall resume monthly reporting of statistical  
17 information collected pursuant to Paragraph 28A with respect to children held in  
18 secure, heightened supervision and out-of-network facilities.

19 **IV.**

20 **CONCLUSION**

21 In light of the foregoing, construing Plaintiffs’ MTE as an MFC, the Court  
22 **GRANTS in part** and **DENIES in part** the MFC. On a monthly basis, Defendants  
23 shall provide Class Counsel with the statistical information collected pursuant to  
24 Paragraph 28A of the Agreement only with respect to children held in secure,  
25 heightened supervision and out-of-network facilities. **By no later than December 9,**  
26 **2024**, Defendants shall provide Class Counsel with statistical reports on children held

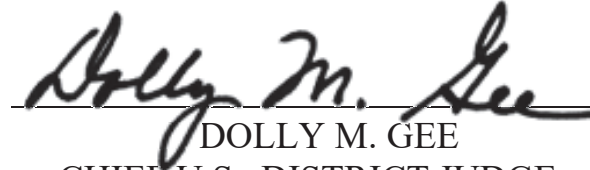
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27 <sup>1</sup> For example, Class Counsel may need to speak with a child who was recently “stepped  
28 down” from a secure or heightened supervision facility.

1 in secure, heightened supervision and out-of-network facilities, including those for the  
2 months of July, August, September, and October 2024.

3  
4 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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6 DATED: November 25, 2024

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9 DOLLY M. GEE  
CHIEF U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

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